Development of Myanmar-Journal Citation Index (MnCI)

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- 1) No national citation index databases to collect Myanmar Journal and locally written articles.
- 2) Myanmar journals were published by various organizations, e.g. by almost every university, and some were published by proceedings of the national or international conferences held at their universities.
- 3) Most Myanmar journals did not have a strong peerreview process and some had no peer review what so ever.
- 4) Most journals could not be published in a timely manner due to low submission rate.
- 5) No journal evaluation processes had ever taken place for Myanmar- journals, and thus no quality assurance was in evidence.

A Plan to Develop Myanmar-Journal Citation Index (MnCl)

- No Citation index centre has been established in Myanmar, so far.
- A national citation index centre, namely, Myanmar-Journal citation index (MnCl) centre will be established as quickly as possible by the leading of Higher Education Department
- ❖ To fulfill this purpose, the Higher Education Department will organized and arrange a workshop to set up the MnCl inviting many editors, administrators, researchers from different universities and other attendees.
- ❖ The Higher Education Department will also encourage the organizations to set up research associations such as Myanmar psychological research association, Myanmar medical research association, Myanmar Technological research association.......

Missions of MnCl

- * After establishing the MnCl Centre, it will be responsible for following missions.
- 1) Collecting published articles and citations for Myanmarjournals, and developing search and retrieval tools in the form of a sustainable MnCl database.
- 2) Providing academic and social services, training and consultancy on how to improve journal quality across the country.
- 3) Seeking partnership with related organizations locally, regionally and internationally.
- 4) Awarding Best Myanmar-Journals on the National and International Level.

The Benefit of Emergence of MnCl

- With the emergence of MnCl,
 - The number of Myanmar-Journal will be increased gradually.
 - There will be increased national visibility and more people will read Myanmar research articles.
 - Once the MnCl exists and sufficiently mature, it can be linked to the ACl database.

Challenges Being Faced for Current Development

- 1) High-quality research articles are still primarily aimed at submission to international journals. Thus, the citations of Myanmar articles remain very low.
- 2) The most experienced and skilled professors remain reluctant to publish their research work in locally published journals.
- 3) Most Myanmar journals are produced at the university level; thus the publishing policies are dependent on its own administrators.
- 4) Most editors (mostly rector, pro-rector, professors and chair persons of some association) are still commissioned by duty and not by choice, and are performing editorship work part-time without financial support.
- 5) Most Myanmar-journals and their articles still have low visibility (number of citations) by their regional and international peers, mainly due to low submission rate.

Conclusion Remarks

- No Myanmar Citation Index Database to collect the Myanmar research articles.
- Need to establish a national citation index database, MnCl.
- A number of difficulties and challenges to be faced, especially in terms of the academic acceptability of local research findings and peer-review stringency, particularly by internationally oriented researchers.
- MnCl activities will be designed to collect, monitor, coordinate and improve the standard of scholarly journal publication in Myanmar.
- Once the MnCl exists and sufficiently mature, it can be linked to the ACl database.